# GRAND CIRARANCE

Of the entire stock of

## The MODEL'S

### Fine Tailor-made Light-weight Overcoats

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday only, the MODEL will offer choice of our entire stock of fine tailor-made Fall Overcoats, including the finest silk-lined Worsteds, imported Kerseys, Meltons, Cassimeres and Cheviots in light, medium and dark shades, at the amazingly low price of

\$12.75

Not an Overcoat reserved. All of our \$18, \$20, \$22, \$25 and \$30 light-weight Overcoats go for these three days only at \$12.75. We want to clean out all our broken lots. We must make room for our enormous stock of heavy Overcoats. Hence this great sacrifice.

## MODEL CLOTHING

Indiana's Leading Clothiers, Furnishers and Hatters.

ROTHSCHILD, HAYS & CO., Proprietors.

We have gone through too many winters to be without warm wool fabrics for Overcoats.

Nearly a hundred styles in our assortment-comprising

### SMOOTH:

Meltons, Beavers, Kerseys, Castors, Tricots, Cheviots, Fine Twills, Corkscrews, Diagonals, Wide Wales.

### ROUGH:

Chinchillas. Montagnacs. Frieze, Shetlands, Fancy Cheviots, Scotches, Tweeds,

Made to order in these shapes: Great Coats, Cape Coats, Storm Coats, Ulsters, with detachable cape; Box Coats, Driving Coats, Blizzard-Protecting Coats, with big collar, and Dressy Overcoats.

Suits and Trouser Goods in abundance, Tailored at saving prices-\$5 and \$20, up to the price of princely garments.



33 and 35 South Illinois St.

We've known our Irish Frieze Coats to wear five winters. The Chinchillas are nearly as serviceable -price \$25 and \$30 made to your measure.

A Wedding Trip Without the Bride. PHILADELPHIA. Oct. 27—Hans Bjorn Græsse, of Dresden, son of the chamberlain to King Frederick, of Saxony, who was married, a few weeks ago, to Miss Helena Verrier, a Philadelphia beauty and heiress, it is now given out, has gone on his wedding trip alone, leaving not only his bride behind but also a number of unsettled debts that the bride's friends and family of unsettled debus that the bride's friends and family are settling up as fast as possible. Where he has gone is not perfectly clear. His bride and friends say he has been suddenly called away to the West Indias; others assert that he sailed from New York for his home, Dresden, accompanied by his mother and Capt. Pahn, of the King's Guards, who came over to see him married. Anyhow, he is gone, and the bride of a few weeks is left with many annoyances. Miss Verrier's father was a Cuban who married a Philadelphia lady of fortune. The young lady, although born in Cuba, was reared in Philadelphia, where one of her married sisters resides. She has another married sister in Paris.

Complexions Beautified by CHAMPLIN'S LIQUID PRANL, 50c. Renowned for a quarter of a century.

# Warm Coats For It D. S. Sto. S60.

PHILADELPHIA STORE

### THE GREATEST SALE OF THE SEASON

Profitable reading for the coming week to those who are interested in buying Dry Goods. We are compelled to make a few quotations to convince you that we are the first bouse in the State of Indians for good goods at inexorbitant prices. We are rearranging our Silk Department, and have found amongst our large stock of Silks some very good things in Black and Colored Silks that we will dispose of very cheap next week.

### SILKS, PLUSHES AND VELVETS

We have 40 pieces of Repellant Cornet Silk at 49c. Something new. 22 pieces of pure Have marked our \$1.25 Silk Faille down to 95c; all new shades. A lot of 18 pieces of the celebrated GUINET Silk, all colors, 21 inches wide, at 84c. This silk would be good value at \$1.10.

A lot of Satins to close, at 25c.
A lot of 13 pieces of Colored Surah, new shades, for street and evening wear, 48c.

### BLACK SILK.

Any lady desiring a beautiful Black Silk would do well to call and look through our stock. We guarantee to save you the price of making. Our numbers for this great sale will be 21 inches, 74e; 22 inches, 89e; 23 inches, 98c; 24 inches, \$1.29. We will cheerfully show any lady the above numbers of Siik, whether she wishes to pur-

### MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Trimmed and untrimmed Hats and Bonnets very cheap.

Fine Feathers, Ribbons, Tips and Flowers in all the leading colors and styles for the ensuing Visit this department and save money.

### DRESS GOODS.

In this department we intend to make things lively, if low prices will do it. We would respectfully ask every lady in Indianapelis to call and look through our elegant line of Dress Goods. The goods will be cheerfully shown, whether you wish to purchase or not. Our motte shall be the smallest possible profit for fine and desirable good. Below are a few of the bargains for the coming week, commencing to-morrow, Monday:

1 case double-width, all-wool, Tricot, 22 js. No tariff on this lot.

22 pieces of 38-inch all-wool Tricot, 30c. Never sold for less than 45c.

15 colors (all new), 54 inch Broadcloth, 58c. Would be cheap at 65c.

Another lot of 18 pieces, 44 inch Silk Henrietta Cloth, 79c. Never sold less than \$1.

13 pieces of 48-inch all-wool Henrietta Cloth, lovely shades, at 75c. Will compare well with

Another lot of 22 pieces Astrachan, nice for cloaking or trimming, 25c. Cost double that to

We opened, Friday last, 10 pieces of English Broadcloth, very fine, new colors, and will sell them at \$1.59. We ask you to compare this cloth with anything at \$2.

1 lot 9 pieces 45-inch Homespun, 31a. Pure wool.

Another lot of nice Checks and Stripes for Combination Suits, 35c, 37 jc and 49c. All double-

A big lot half-wool goods to be closed at 8 1-3c. Bring this advertisement with you and be convinced that we mean to knock the bottom out of fancy prices.

P. S.—Nice shopping bag given with every dress purchased. All goods marked in plain fig-

### CLOAKS!

### CLOAKS!

We opened up Saturday last, in our cloak parlors, attractive novelties in imported Jackets, Short Wraps. Newmarkets, Plush Sacques, and we feel confident in saying that any one anticipating in the near future a good Cloak or Shawl, shall save \$5 to \$10 on any garment we show.

375 Broadcloth Jackets, Silk Braided, \$4.25. All new styles.

Our \$22.50 Plush Sacques, London dyed, will be sold this week at \$18.50. Extra. The Angelico Sleeve Newmarket in all the leading styles and colorings, very cheap.

100 dozen Jerseys, 49c, 69c, 79c. Worth double. Elevator running to this department, which is on the second floor.

N. B. -500 Muffs at 49c. Chesp at \$1.50.

SULLIVAN'S 6 & 8 West Washington Street.

WHEN INDICATIONS. SUNDAY-Fair and cooler.

NO SUBTERFUCE Way Concerning Newspaper Gossip. NO ARTIFICE,

NO PRETEXT.

NO MASK,

CAN BURY From SIGHT

THE FACT

THAT

MANUFACTURERS

LIKE

CAN SAVE

THE WHEN

THE CONSUMER

ONE PROFIT.

TRAVELERS' INDEX.

ANKAKEE WHEN THE GREAT ELECTION IS OVER Then will the citizen who dreads our cold, rainy, dis Then will the citizen who dreads our cold, rainy, disagreeable climate seek warmth and sunshine in milder climes. California will becken on its old and new admirers. Florida, with its orange blessoms and yellow fruit, basking in the warm sunshine, will invite fugitives from winter. Georgia's piney woods will invite the weak lunged persons who cannot stand the rigors of a Northern climate. The farmer and mechanic will go West, Northwest and Southwest, seeking lands however and business lands are changed.

ing lands, homes and business locations.
THE KANKAKEE LINE Has just what all these must have-railroad tickets over all the popular routes in all directions. We can send you to CALIFORNIA AND RETURN

CALIFORNIA AND RETURN
Via Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Salt Lake, etc., or via
Peoria, Omaha, Denver, Salt Lake, etc., or via Hannibal, Kansas City, Denver, Salt Lake, etc., or via
Kansas City, Albuqurque, New Mexico, to Los Angeles and San Francisco, or via Cincinnati, Chattanooga, New Orleans, El Paso, Texas, etc., or via Chicago, St. Paul, and over the Northern Pacific Railway
to Tacoma, Portland, Ore., etc., or via Chicago, St.
Paul, Winnipeg, Manitoba, to Vancouver, British
Columbia, and down Puget Sound to Tacoma, Portland, Ore., and ocean steamer or rail, as you choose. land, Ore., and ocean steamer or rail, as you choose, to San Francisco.

This list covers all the routes to Pacific Coast

points, and you can take any of them going, and any other one returning, for the very lowest rates. Tickets good six months returning.
FREE TOURIST SLEEPERS or Pullman sleepers, as preferred. Our routes and rates to Florida are the cheapest and the best. No one should purchase railway tickets for any point until they have seen what we offer to all points East, West, North and South.

TIME CARD. 

Cincinnati.
For tickets, sleeping-car accommodations and all information call at Union Depot or Model Ticket Office, corner Washington and Maridian streets.

J. H. MARTIN, Dist. Pass. Agt.

DEADLY WOPY WITH THE PISTOL.

One Police Officer Fatally Shoots Another, and Wounds Several Bystanders.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELKKART, Ind., Oct 27 .- Officer William Burton, an old and highly respected police officer of this city, was shot, this afternoon at 3 o'clock, by officer Joseph Barrett, another old officer, while several others had narrow escapes. The causes leading to the occurrence are as follows: A short time ago, Mayor Goldthwait officially reprimanded Barrett for continued intoxication, and the matter so preyed on the latter's mind that last night, he waylaid the Mayor and yery severely whipped him. For this offense he was placed under bonds to the amount of \$1,000 to appear at the Circuit Court and, failing in securing a bondsman and becoming partially intoxicated, he drew a revolver, this afternoon, and threatened to shoot officer Sutton when the latter undertook to arrest him, but was dissuaded from doing so by his wife. A few minutes later he was met by Marshai Needham and officer Burton, when they undertook to arrest him quietly he threatened to shoot, and when Burton grasped him from behind Barrett discharged his revolver, the ball striking a horse in the knee. He fired again, the ball striking Burton back of the left eye, passing clear through his bead, and causing restaut death. A third shot took off the end of one of Councilman Stears's fingers while the latter was struggling with him. A fourth grazed Needham's head, partially stunning him, and the lifth and last passed through another man's hat Needham and Council man Wagner then fired several shots at the infuriated man, but it is not known that he was hit, though he claimed to be shot in the groin. At this point Sheriff Chatten over-powered Barrett, forced him into a saloon and fastened the door, while the enraged mob procured a rope and endeavored to get at the murderer to lynch him. Mayor Goldthwait and Sheriff Chatten addressed the crowd, and succeeded in quieting it, somewhat, but fortunately a heavy rain-storm came up and dis-persed the gathering, and before it could come together again Barrett was placed in e carriage and driven to the county jail at Goshen, where he arrived safe. Burton was about thirty-five years of age, a giant in size, and has a wife and young family. Barrett also has a family and has been considered a good

A Big Mortgage Swindling Scheme. CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—The fact has just transpired that Gustave Falk, a native of Sweden, was arrested here on Thursday, charged with being a confederate in gigantic mortgage swindles, whereby the Guaranty Association, of Stockholm, Sweden, is the loser to an enormous amount. A little less than a week ago the Swedish vice-consul at Chicago received word from Washington that the authorities at Stockholm had sent broadcast a circular describing Falk, who was wanted for forgery. He communicated the fact to the police authorities, with the result above given. Falk turned over to the officer the keys to an apartment in the National Deposit vaults, where they found \$2,114 in bank notes. He also surrendered a gold watch and chain, which he had purchased with the proceeds of his forgery, and made a written confession. In his statement he reveals a gigantic conspiracy to commit fraud, in which he himself is but an insignificant factor. He says that in Stockholm there exists a gang of mortgage forgers and confidence operators who have swindled the banks for years; that they are extremely secretive and only communicate with each other by mail. He gave the names of his companions, and this information the consul immediately cabled the authorities at Stockholm and caused their arrest. Falk is forty-five years of age, has a wife and family living in Sweden, and although he has a German name, is a native of Scandinavia. He says that his share of the forgeries amounted to \$4.500, and he cannot tell what the others received, because each negotiated the sale of the forged mortages and kept the proceeds. sale of the forged mortgage and kept the proceeds. The exact manner in which the fraud was perpetrated is not known. Falk will be held for extradition.

A Murder Mystery Recalled. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 27 .- The Benhayon mystery, San Francisco, Oct. 27.—The Benhayon mystery, which puzzled San Francisco in October last year, has been revived by Dr. Milton Bowers, now under sentence of death for poisoning his wife. Benhayon was found poisoned in a room in a lodging-house, which had been rented by a book agent named Demmig, and left a written confession saying he poisoned his sister, Mrs. Dr. Bowers, with digitalis, in order to secure the life policies which she had made over to him. The theory of the prosecution of Demmig was that Bowers hired Demmig to poison Benhayon, and that he (Bowers) wrote Benhayon's confession in that he (Bowers) wrote Benhavon's confession in order to save his own neck from the gallows. The jury disagreed, and Demmig lies in jail awaiting a second trial. Bowers yesterday told a reporter that he had evidence that Mrs. Benhayon poisoned her son, and that Demmig had nothing to do with the matter. Demmig, he declared, while a fellow-prisoner with one Goldenson, told the latter that his business was that of a procurer. Goldenson related these facts to Bowers shortly before he was hanged.

A GROWL FROM AN EMPEROR

Germany's Ruler Talks in an Emphatic

He Is Deeply Offended and Grieved by the Recent Publications, and Demands that the "Unseemly Discussion" Be Stopped.

The Crisis in Austrian Politics Is Less Acute, but the Danger Is Not Passed.

Details of the Recent Fighting in Samoa-Bismarck's Policy in Relation to the African Slave Trade-General News.

AN EMPEROR'S WRATH. Germany's Monarch Objects to the Publica

tions Concerning His Family. Copyright, 1888, by the New York Associated Press. Berlin, Oct. 27.-A municipal deputation in waiting upon the Emperor William to-day, presented an address of welcome on the occasion of his return home, and were startled by some emphatic remarks, in the course of the Emperor's teply, on the scandal and gossip of the press affecting the imperial family. The deputation requested permission to erect on the Schlossplatt, in memory of the Emperor's visit to Vienna and Rome, a fountain designed by Professor Begas, the artist. The Emperor expressed his gratification and interest in the undertaking. The people of Berlin, he said, had followed his journeys, and he knew that the friendly reception which he met with everywhere was not intended only for himself, but for the German empire. For the pleasaut surprise which the municipal representatives prepared for him, he thanked them all; much more for the reason that it happened to come on the day when the Church of the Holy Ghost, in which his father, the Emperor Frederick, hall always shown the greatest interest, was consecrated. The Emperor expressed the hope that he would soon see more such fine churches erected in Berlin. He trusted that his journeyings would have the best results for the empire. He had learned with regret that, during his absence, while using his best efforts for the interests of the empire, disputes have arisen in the Berlin press regarding the affairs of members of his own family. Attacks were made such as would not be tolerated by permitted against private individuals. requested the deputation to do their utmost to put a step to the unseemly discussion.

respond to that desire. None of the members ventured to make any remarks upon the Emperor's unexpected re-proaches. Even if etiquette had allowed they were too much amazed to respond. The Emper-or spoke in a quiet tom, which was utterly de-void of anger, but his words and manner left the impression that he felt soutely the attacks that had been made. After retiring from the presence of the Emperor the municipal authorities considered the purport of the Emperor's remarks. Several of the officials professed their inability to comprehend his meaning, though it was obvious the Empero had spoken very seriously. Mayor Forekenbreck afterward saw the chief of the Emperor's civil

as it concerned them all. He desired to live

among the people of Berlin as a Berliner. He

relied upon the representatives of the capital to

court, and requested him to give some explana-tion of the Emperor's language.

Prior to the receiving of the deputation the Emperor and Empress were present at the consecration of the Church of the Holy Ghost, which was founded by Frederick. The church is near the Belle Alliance Platz, and when finished will be one of the finest edifices in Berlin. The Prince and Princess of Saxe-Meiningen, the Princess Frederick Charles, Prince Leopold, the ministers of state and the civic authorities appeared at the ceremony. Architect Otzen read an address to the Emperor, who, in reply, expressed the pleasure he derived from being present on a spot bearing evidence of his father's activity in good works. The ex-Empress visited the church on Wednesday, accompanied by her daughter Victoria. Paster Stage took them over the building. On coming to the altar erected by Frederick and berself, beside which a black marble tablet records the fact that the Crown Prince Frederick laid the foundation stone in April, 1885, both the Empresses burst

THE CRISIS IN AUSTRIA.

into tears.

The Constitution Agustion Subsides, but the Calm Is Thought Ominous. Copyright, 1888, by the New York Associated Press. Berlin, Oct. 27 .- The constitutional crisis in Austria has a period of pause, but below the surface of calm the agitation increases. The order issued by the marshal of the imperial court that documents relating to the coronation of Kings of Bohemia be collated and investigated, is considered to indicate Count Von Taafe's intention to advise Emperor Francis Joseph to accede to Czech demands. The Bo hemian German Prince of Clary and Aldringen has been trying to effect a compremise between the Germans and the Czechs. According to the proposition submitted, the corosation will be a purely religious ceremony, involving no re-establishment of the constitutional rights of the Bohemians. The proposal pleases nobody. The Czechs' refusal to surrender their historic rights, the Germans consider, would lead the way to the triumph of Bohemian authority, including Moravia and Silesia. In the meautime the clerical party keeps more quiet. Since their representative, Herr Schoenvern, has en-tered Count Von Taafe's Cabinet as Minister of Justice, the Clerico-Czech hostility has ceased. A notable instance of this is shown in Prince Lichtenstein's assenting, it is said, at Emperor Franz Joseph's personal request, to a postpone-ment of the clerical school bill until next year. The bill, which commits the control of the public schools to the clergy, would get a majority in the Reichsrath if the Cabinet insisted upon its passage, but would leave Count Von Taafe uncertain of the support of the coalition, and might lead to his speedy downfall. With the promised dawn of success for the Czech agitation the Galician Poles are hopeful of obtaining in their turn some form of autonomy. Cracow and Lemberg papers discuss the restoration of the titular kingdom of Lodomeria-Galicia and the crowning of Francis Joseph at Lember.
The tendency of Count Von Taafe's policy to
ward the federalization of Austria-Hungary is watched with the keenest interest here. The matter already threatens to embarrass the alliance A federal Austria, with Germans, Czechs, Poles, Magyars Ruthenians and Slavenians in cat-and-dog discord, could not be a reliable factor of the alliance.

THE RECENT FIGHT IN SAMOA.

The American Consul's Property Invaded and the Flag Cut to Pieces.

San Francisco, Oct. 27 .- The ocean steamer Alemada arrived from Australia to-day. Further particulars of the war in Samoa state it resulted in the rout of the Tamases forces. The correspondent writing from Apia states there are 10 indications of an immediate settlement of the trouble; that Malieton has possession of the entire territory, except a few little towns, and that he is now negotiating to obtain their voluntary submission. Mulinn is blockaded, and the people are living on biscuit and rice, and are mortgaging their houses for food. The officers on the United States steamer Adams rite that the property of the American consul has been invaded by some of Tamasee's people, and his life threatened. The American flag which was in his possession was cut to pieces. Admiral Fairfax, of the British squadron, is at Apis on his vessel the A private letter on the situation charply criticises the refusal of the Germans to join in

making the territory around Apia nen ral, and states that Germany would have no just cause for redress if the Malieton men attacked Tamasse's position with its partly German gavit-son. The writer says: "Now that there is a British admiral here, it is to be hoped that he will succeed in saking such arrangements as to will succeed in making such arrangements as to prevent any recurrence of the events of the last three weeks. The United States consul, Mr. Blacklock, replied to Malieton's letter, notifying the consuls of his election as King. Mr. Blacklock deprecated the internal strife among the native people, but said: 'In the choice of your Highness by the people of Somoa, I think the wish of the three powers has been carried out and I can see I think peace and carried out, and I can see, I think, peace and prosperity in Sames after the present civil wars are brought to a close. The British consul replied briefly, stating that at a conference between himself and the German consul the latter informed him the Tamases party would strictly adhere to the proposed arrangements for a neutral territory provided Malieton's party

#### GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Prince Bismarck Trying to Secure Combined Action Against African Slave Traders. [Copyright, 1888, by the New York Associated Press.] BERLIN, Oct. 27 .- Prince Bismarck's policy relative to East Affica becomes clear, his overtures to the English, Belgian and Italian governments tending to result in combined action against the slave traders of Central Africa. A conference is probable, in which France will be invited to join, to arrange for the forcible suppression of the Arab slave trade. The plan involves a simultaneous anti-slavery crusading expedition from the Congo State and British and German East African territories. The North German Gazette declares that the Moslem slave trade is extending its resources to such a degree that no single nation will suffice to suppress it, and that only by ec-operation can the civilized nations succeed in stopping a traffic which is a disgrace to the century. The North German Gazette is confident that the German and English people will prove equal to the task imposed upon them by the sacred principles of religion and humanity.

The Belfast Insurance Frauds. LONDON, Oct. 26.-The trial in connection with the frauds on the New York Equitable Life Insurance Company at Belfast were feoneluded in the Wicklow assizes to-day, the cases having been removed there because it was found impossible to obtain an impartial jury in Belfast. The result of the trial was that several prominent citizens were sentenced to terms of imprisonmet of from five years down to nine months. Counsel for the defense vigorously denounced the Equitable Company system of giving enormous bonuses as an incentive to fraud, and the Judge sarcastically remarked in his charge that the Equitable business in Belfast during 1887 was a year of frauds, similar in infection and fatality to an epidemic of scarlatina. Chestnutte Smythe, the Belfast manager of the Equitable turned approver and gave startling evidence of the frauds of himself and others. Smythe was a deacon in the Presbyterian Church, a Sabbath-school teacher, and secretary of the Ulster Unionist League.

Empress Frederick's Intentions. [Copyright, 1888, by the New York Associated Press.] BERLIN, Oct. 27 .- Empress Frederick has definitely arranged to go to Windsor on the 11th prox. and thence direct to Italy, returning to Germany in May, when the Villa Reis, her new summer residence on the Taunus mountains, will be ready for occupation. The grounds of the villa have been immensely enlarged by the purchase of the extensive lands of the Villa Huttenlehner. The princesses will accom-pany the Empress to England, the family differences having been finally arranged under the management of Queen Victoria of England, who has been in direct communication with Emperor William and has used her influence to affect a reconciliation all around.

Socialistic Pertinacity. Copyright, 1888, by the New York Associated Press. BERLIN, Oct. 27 .- Sunday being the tenth arniversary of the Reichstag's law of repression against the Socialists, the order seized the occasion to an nounce the issue of the Deukschrift, a paper prepared by the leaders of the party expressly to show the futility of the government edicts, but the police prevented its publication. The Socialists resorted to placards, which were posted everywhere in Belin and other centers, declaring that the anniversary was not a day for mourning, but rather a celebration of the victorious vitality of socialism. The Deukrehrift. however, privately circulates, despite the efforts of the police to suppress it.

Turning a King Into a Crank.

Copyright, 1868, by the New York Associated Press. BERLIN, Oct. 27 .- The number of the Munich Neuste Nachrichten in which an attack was made upon the private life of the King of Wurtemburg has been suppressed. The paper charges him with submitting to the disastrous tuffuence of a member of the American legation at Stuttgart, and says the American, with two fellow-countrymen as accomplices, gave spiritualist seances at which the King was introduced to the ghosts of his ancestors. The foreigners, the paper declares, have drawn ruinous sums from the royal exchequer and are turning the

Emperor William's Coronation,

[Copyright, 1888, by the New York Associated Press.] BERLIN, Oct. 27 .- A report finds credence that the Emperor will confer with Prince Bismarck over a project for his Majesty's coronation on the 18th of January, the anniversary of the date upon which King William was crowned Emperor at Versailles. Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, and King Humbert, and all the chiefs of the German states, it is said, will be present at the ceremony, which will be made a great function in confirming the triple alliance and glorifying German unity.

An Adopted Daughter's Successful Lawsuit. BOSTON, Oct. 27.—A peculiar lawsuit, the first of its kind ever carried into a Massachusetts court, was ended to day by the filing of an agreement in the Supreme Court for judgment for Miss Lizzie C. Baker against the estate of the late Mrs. Mary G. Perkins for \$31,500. In 1880, Mrs. Ferkins, aged thirty, who had inherited \$100,000 from her husband, an Italian nobleman, became acquainted here with Miss Baker, who was fitting herself to be a school teacher. Becoming attached to the girl, Mrs. Perkins offered to leave Miss Baker her entire estate if the latter to leave Miss Baker her entire estate if the latter would live with her as an adopted daughter. The offer was accepted. Mrs. Perkins died here in 1885, leaving in her will but \$1,000 to Miss Baker, and the bulk of her property to charitable institutions. Miss Baker contested the will, bringing an action of contract against the executors. A compromise was reached in the case to-day, with the above result. The contract was a verbal one, but Miss Baker produced a letter from Mrs. Perkins showing the terms of the agreement.

Arrest of Suspicious Characters. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

UNION CITY, Ind., Oct. 27 .- A gang of rough characters were arrested here, yesterday afternoon and lodged in prison as suspicious persons. One of them, James Wilson, aged forty-seven, was well-supphed with postage stamps, which he had been selling. On a charge of carrying concealed weapons, he was fined and sent to jail at Winchester. Another, Charles Davis, was fined for a minor offense, and also sent to jail. Another, whose name is not learned, is held under a fine, on the Ohio side of town. The others were released for want of charges. The men held will be detained for identification.

Ninetees Infamous Scoundrels. ST. LOUIS, Oct. 27 .- Nineteen men have been ar rested here for a brutal assault on two young women, Lydia Jane Seals and Lizzie Shelby, aged eighteen and twenty-two respectively. The former is in the city hospital, dying from peritonitis, brought on by the brutal assault. The two girls were from the neighborhood of Olney, Ill., and claimed to have come here to seek employment. They were forced into a stable in a deserted quarter of the city and so brutally outraged that both were rendered unconscious, and one. Jennie Seals, caunot possibly recover.

Brakeman Murdered at Lafayette. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LAFAYETTE, Ird., Oct. 27 .- A cold-blooded mur der was committed here, about 10 o'clock to-night Joseph Davis, a railroad brakeman, bought 5 cents worth of peanuts from Wm. Chambers. He did\_not pay for them, saying he had no money. Chambers grabbed at Davis, who struck back. Chambers then seized a large stone, striking Davis on the back of the head and killing him. Chambers ran away and has not yet been arrested.

Natural Gas at Ogden. pecial to the indianapolis Journal

OGDEN, Ind., Oct. 27 .- Gas has been struck here at 890 feet, when the drill had only penetra el eight inches of Trenton rock. It sends forth a blaze thirty feet high, and is equal in quality and quantity to any well in the vicinity, white the flow is steadily increas-ing. It has been named the "Harrison."

CAMBRIDGE CITY, Ind., Oct. 27.-Aaron Hastings, of Dublin, father of Elias Hastings, of this city, died to-day, aged eighty-two.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 27.—John Guy Vassar died at half-past I this morning. He was the last of the Vassar brothers. NEW YORK, Oct. 27-J. H. Ralston, cashier of the Bank of the State of New York, died tast night.

LORD SACKVILLE'S LETTER

Unauthenticated Rumors as to the Intentions of the Democratic Cabinet.

A Report that the Whole Matter Has Been Called to the Attention of Lord Salisbury, Through the American Minister.

West's Sympathy with Democracy and Free Trade May Result in His Recall.

Blue-Blooded Secretary Endicott Also Manifests a Disposition to Become a Tool of English Mercantile Interests.

SACKVILLE'S LETTER.

His Friendship for Democracy Likely to Retire Him to Private Life,

Special to the Indianapolis Journey WASHINGTON, Oct. 27 .- All sorts of rumors are affect as to the action of the administration with reference to the bad break of Lord Sackville. The New York Herald, to-day, had an article from its Washington correspondent, in which it was intimated that information had been received from Secretary Bayard to the effect that the whole matter had been called to the attention of the Brittak authorities through Minister Phelps, and the dispatches from London indicate that Mr. Phelps has had some telegraphic instructions on the subject, as he is reported to have had an interview with Lord Salisbury yesterday. Secretary Bayard declined, to-day, to affirm on deny the New York Herald's story, but he said that the administration would do all that was proper and necessary under the circumstances. It is learned on the very best authority that the correspondence between Lord Sackville and the California writer, together with Lord Sackville's semarks on the subject, printed in the New York; papers, and an abstract of the conversation ber tween his Lordship and Secretary Bayard, were prepared and sent to Minister Phelps to-day, with instructions to present the whole case to the home authorities in London. A gentleman formerly very prominent in the State Department was asked by your correspondent what such action as this could mean and whether it would be followed by the absolute recall of the the minister. He replied that it might lead to his recall or simply to a censure from the British home office. In either event, Lord Sackville will not be likely to stay here. It is the current belief of all Englishmen now in Washington, who know semething of the diplomatic affairs of that country, the his Lordship will retire from the lomatic service entirely. But recall of the minister does not undo the harm. He has shown that British sympathy is entirely with the present diministration, and the voters of this country who had the wool pulled ever their eyes, and who have been persistently mid-

that the extracts printed from English papers were Republican concections, now see that the British newspapers were simply voising the centiments which existed ! the members of the British ment, and they will doubtless govern selves accordingly. Nothing has occurred in the administration which has created half the excitement of this incident Secretary Bayard has come in for his share of abuse, too. When the President read the interview of his Secretary of State, which was telegraphed from bis home in Delaware, Mr. Cleveland forgot for the moment that he was the chief magistrate of sixty millions of people and became once more the every day citizen that he used to be before he was elected Mayor of Buffalo. The language which he used in commenting apon the Secretary's interview was sublime in its picturesquetary's interview was sublime in its picturesquetary. ness, but it is said that it was so that the clerks and employes in the White-House had difficulty in breathing for some moments after the President had expressed his feelings. The attempt to show that the letter was drawn out by a trick will not have the desired effect. There is no doubt whatever that Lord Sackville wrote the now calabrated

ments he expressed therein were his honest, No Decided Action Tet Taken.

that Lord Sackville wrote the new celebrate letter, and it cannot be doubted that the sent

To the Western Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Oct. 27 .- In reply to an inquiry as to what steps have been taken by this government in regard to the letter of the British minister, Secretary Bayard said to-day: "We simply laid the facts at once, and as a matter of course, before our minister at the court of St. James, to be communicated by him to Her Ma-

jesty's government." In regard to the cable dispatch of this morning, stating that a report is current in London Sackville, the Secretary said: "That is merel a Lendon rumor, of which I know nothing."

The Star this evening has the following: " very urgent cablegram has been sent the Minister Phelps, making a percent demand upon the British Foreign Commend the Star reporter could not learn absolute certainty whether the demand for Lord Sackville's recall or for his sape and an apology. That the demand was for recall is, however, believed to be the fact. We ever action the administration has taken or take in the matter, it is safe to say, will be in fluenced by the belief on their part that Lor Sackville was actuated by sinister metives. At the residence of the British legation, thi merning, it was stated that they had not see ceeded in getting any further information as to who Mr. Murchison is. The minister appeared

to be still in doubt as to whether or not then was such a person. Mr. Phelps Seeks an Interview with Salisbury. LONDON, Oct. 27 .-- The Sackville letter incident has caused a considerable stir in diplo circles. Mr. Phelps, the United States minister. has gone to Hatfield House, Lord Salisburr's country residence, in Hertfordshire, to see Lord Salisbury. He called first at the foreign office, and, finding the Prime Minuster gone, immediately followed him to his country as It is said that Lord Salisbury favors the :

ment of Lord Sackville.

The officials at the Unite-I States legation as extremely reticent on the subject of the Sockville affair. Mr. White, first secretary of legation, when questioned about the matter, declined to talk. Lord Salisbury remained at Hatfield House

Lord Salisbury remained at Hatfield House to-day. He received several cable dispatches from Lord Sackville, the British minks of Washington, admitting the facts in connective with the Murchison letter; and saying that he regretted them. A number of dispatches from Secretary of State Bayard were forwarded to Lord Salisbury, in which the Bocretary with that in view of the coming national election is the United States it was imperatively necessary that there should be a change in the British representative at Washington in order to min the popular excitement. Mr. Phelps, the American ministen, and Mrs. Phelps visited Hatfall House this a termoon, and will be the irrests of Lord Salisbury until Monday. Mr. Phelps and Lord Salisbury held a long commitation in the library. Mr. Phelps enlarged upon the necessity of prompt action on the part of the British presented a special point that, by treating Mr. Phelps made a special point that, by treating Mr. Murchison as a British subject entitled to acvice, despite the fact that he stated in his little. Murchison as a British subject entitled to vice, despite the fact that he stated in his me that he was a naturalized entiren of United States, Lord Sarkville had regarded and violated the understained of September, 1871, when Mr. In then Secretary of State, obtained from the glish government a recognision of the American doctrine of naturalization. Lord Soluble? mitted that this